

Hongkong Telegraph

No. 3777.

SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1894.

THIRTY DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

Banks.

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £2,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP £251,993-15-0

BANKERS:

CAPITAL & COUNTIES BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
No. 3, PRINCES STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES:

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

AGENCIES:

PENANG, SINGAPORE AND YOKOHAMA.

RATES OF INTEREST:

ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS and Fixed Deposits can be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

CHARTERED INCHBALD,

Manager.

Hongkong, 6th November, 1893. [210]

THE MERCHANT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED £1,125,000

BANKERS:

LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS at the Rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 12 Months £5 per cent.

" 6 " " 4 " "

" 3 " " 3 " "

JOHN THURBURN,

Manager, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 4th February, 1893. [20]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1851.

HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON.

CAPITAL PAID-UP £800,000

RESERVE FUND £800,000

RESERVE FUND £275,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS at the Rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 12 Months £5 per cent.

" 6 " " 4 " "

" 3 " " 3 " "

A. C. MARSHALL,

Manager, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 17th May, 1894. [563]

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

Authorised Capital £1,000,000

Subscribed Capital £500,000

HEAD OFFICE:—HONGKONG.

Court of Directors:—
D. Gillies, Esq.,
Chan Kit Shan, Esq.,
H. Stollerfohl, Esq.,
Chief Manager.

GEORGE W. F. PLAYFAIR,

Branches:—London, Yokohama, Shanghai and Amoy.

BANKERS:—

The Commercial Bank of Scotland.

Parrs Banking Co., and The Alliance Bank (Ltd.)

Interest for 12 months Fixed, 5 per Cent.

Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [7]

Intimations.

THE PHARMACY.

FLETCHER & Co. Dispensing and Retail Chemists, Perfumers, Druggists Sundries and Patent Medicine Vendors.

KEPLER'S MALT £14.00
KEPLER'S MALT OIL £14.00
SCOTT'S EMULSION £13.00
SCOTT'S EMULSION £23.00

TOILET ACCESSORIES:—
Perfume Bottles, Cut Crystal, Combs, Brushes, Sponges, Soap, Flesh Gloves and Bristles.

Perfumes:—Plum, Almond, Colgate, Riche, and Brown Perfumery Co.

Hongkong, 23rd September, 1893. [28]

"DERMATOL,"

MANUFACTURED BY FARDWELKE, HIGHEST & M.; its effect in stimulating the closing up of WOUNDS, and in internal administration against diarrhoea, is described as amazing.

DR. KNORR'S

ANTIPYRINE.

(DOSE FOR ADULTS 15 TO 35 GRAINS FIVE.)
Is the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, TYPHUS, INFLUENZA, DENGUE, ERYSIPELAS, HOOPING COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the Medical Faculty. Ask for DR. KNORR'S ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the inventor's signature "DR. KNORR" in red letters.

To be had at every reputed Chemist and Druggist.

Supplies constantly on hand at the China Export Import and Bank Company.

Hongkong, 7th April, 1894. [446]

LEVY HERMANOS.

JEWELLERY, DIAMONDS, WATCH, CHRONOMETER & CLOCKMAKERS.

Sole Agents for FINE JEWELLERY & Co. Geneva. A great variety in Fancy Goods and Optical Instruments.

10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Opposite the Telegraph Office.

Insurances.

THE STANDARD.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE.

1. AMONG THE MANY ADVANTAGES of this form of Assurance, the following may be mentioned:—

(a)—It secures an immediate Provision for wife and family or other relatives in event of early death.

(b)—It provides a Fund for Retirement.

(c)—It supplies an excellent Investment for the regular accumulation of small fixed sums of money.

(d)—The Surrender and loan values are larger than under ordinary Policies.

2. AFTER THE POLICY HAS BEEN THREE YEARS IN FORCE—should the Policy-holder wish to discontinue future payments—he will be entitled to receive, on application, a FREE PAID-UP POLICY for a proportionate amount of the Sum Assured, as explained in the Prospectus.

Full particulars on application, DODWELL, CARLILL & Co., Agents, STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

Hongkong, 8th August, 1893. [747]

SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND.

THE UNDERSIGNED are prepared to accept FIRE and MARINE INSURANCES on favourable terms.

Current rates, and a guaranteed Bonus equal to that paid by the local Offices.

S. J. DAVID & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 6th April, 1894. [435]

THE TOKYO MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—TOKIO, JAPAN.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED £1,200,000

CAPITAL PAID-UP £600,000

GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE £400,000

RESERVE FUND, 30th June, 1893, £48,551

SPECIAL RESERVE, Do, £134,097

TOTAL RESERVE £682,648

THE UNDERSIGNED, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept RISKS at CURRENT RATES.

For the MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, K. FUKUI, Manager.

Hongkong, 18th April, 1894. [485]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED £1,000,000

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS, &c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.

CHAU TSEUNG FAT, Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE, No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

Hongkong, 26th May, 1894. [180]

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL, TAELS 600,000 \$833,333-35

RESERVE FUND £318,000.00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEE SING, Esq., LO YUEK MOON, Esq., LOU TSO SHUN, Esq.,

MANAGER.—HO AMEI.

MARINE RISKS ON GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the World.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.

Hongkong, 17th December, 1893. [107]

Intimations.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED will not be responsible for any DEBTS CONTRACTED by his THREE CHINESE CLERKS and TWO OTHER EMPLOYEES, who have left his Service on account of the PLAGUE.

CHOY CHEW, No. 243, Praya West.

Hongkong, 13th June, 1894. [693]

CANTON DISTRICT.

LOCAL NOTICE TO MARINERS, No. 47.

TAI-SHEK BARRIER BEACONS, BLENHEIM PASSAGE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the WESTERN or UPPER-BEACON at TAI-SHEK BARRIER has been CARRIED away. Until it can be replaced, a Boat will be moored to MARK ITS POSITION, on which the RED LIGHT will be hoisted at Night.

J. H. MAY, Harbour Master.

Approved, E. B. DREW, Commissioner.

Custom House, Canton, 10th June, 1894. [690]

G. FALCONER & CO., WATCH and CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS and JEWELLERS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS and BOOKS.

No. 48, Queen's Road Central. [697]

Intimations.

KELLY & WALSH, LD.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY,

PRICE ----- 5 DOLLARS.

MURRAY'S HANDBOOK.

TO

JAPAN

4th Edition, revised and greatly augmented.

KELLY & WALSH, LD., PUBLISHERS.

Hongkong, 9th June, 1894.

CENTRAL HOTEL, SHANGHAI.

Electric Lighting throughout the Premises.

Telegraphic Address:—"CENTRAL, SHANGHAI."

THIS long-established SELECT Family Hotel, situated on the Bund, facing the river in the centre of the Settlements, is now fitted with the latest modern improvements, including Bath and Dressing Rooms ATTACHED to Suites and Single Rooms, with hot and cold water laid on, DOUCHE, SHOWER, SPRAYS, etc., and heated to a comfortable temperature during winter.

COMMODOUS RECEPTION ROOM FOR VISITORS.

SEPARATE ROOMS FOR PRIVATE DINNER PARTIES, &c.

An Assistant attends on Passengers by Mail Steamers.

N.B.—Special reduced charges may be arranged for on application to the Manager.

F. E. REILLY, PROPRIETOR.

DAWSON'S PERFECTION OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

ALLISTON & CO., SOLE AGENTS, Hongkong and the Far East, 62, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 11th December, 1893. [41]

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS, ICE CHIPPERS AND CHISELS, ICE CHESTS.

ICE-WATER PITCHERS, ICE BOWLS, BUTTER COOLERS.

FILTERS.

LEMON SQUEEZERS, LEMON JUICE EXTRACTORS.

WIND-PROOF LAMPS, VERANDAH LAMPS, PUNKAH LAMPS.

LANECRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, 3rd May, 1894. [30]

THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, "Kremlin"—A. B. C. Code.—TELEPHONE, No. 32.

PROPRIETORS:—THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL—the most commodious and best appointed Hotel in the Far East, affords unequalled accommodation to travellers and others. It is situated in the centre of the town, opposite the General Post Office and the Hongkong Club, adjacent to Pedder's Wharf (the principal landing stage of the Colony) and in close proximity to the Banks and Shipping Offices.

THE HOTEL STEAM LAUNCH conveys passengers and baggage to and from all Mail Steamers. THE TABLE D'HOTE, at separate tables, is supplied with every delicacy, the cuisine being under experienced supervision.

THE BED-ROOMS, with adjoining Bath-rooms, are lofty and well ventilated, open on to spacious Verandahs, are lighted by gas and fitted throughout with electric communications.

The Reading, Writing and Smoking Rooms, Ladies' Drawing Rooms, the new, Bar and public BILLIARD ROOMS (Six English and American Tables) are fitted with every convenience.

THE WINES & SPIRITS are selected by an Expert and the BEST BRANDS only are supplied. HYDRAULIC ASCENDING-ROOMS of the latest and most approved type convey passengers and baggage from the Entrance Hall to each of the five floors above.

NIGHT PORTERS and WATCHMEN are continually on duty.

R. TUCKER, Manager.

Hongkong, 17th November, 1893. [239]

W. BREWER.

JUST RECEIVED.

LOYD'S MODERN ARTILLERY. Tanner's Index of Diseases.

Seaton's Rules & Tables for Marine Engineers.

Murray's Guide to Japan.

Calde Australia and New Zealand.

Tolson—Kingdom of God within you.

Smith's—Man the Primitive Savage.

Stromeyer—Marine Boiler Management.

Big Game Shooting—Badminton Library.

Middleton—Surveying & Surveying Instruments.

Lineham—The Street of Human Habitations.

Walker's Chess Studies.

Lemaire—Indian Clubs.

W. BREWER, UNDER HONGKONG HOTEL.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1894.

Intimations.

HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA MASONIC BENEVOLENT FUND CORPORATION.

NOTICE.

THE QUARTERLY MEETING of the above CORPORATION will be held at the MASONIC HALL, on MONDAY, the 18th instant, at 5 for 5.30 P.M.

A. O'D. GOURDIN, Secretary.

Hongkong, 11th June, 1894. [687]

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIFTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICES, No. 29, Queen's Road, on MONDAY, the 25th June, at NOON, for the purpose of Presenting the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th April, 1894, and Electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 12th to 25th June, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors, CHAS. F. HARTON, Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th June, 1894. [679]

THE GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY MORTGAGE DEBENTURES (Numbered 201 to 220 inclusive) in the COMPANY of which LEE SHING was the Owner, having been LOST, have been cancelled and NEW DEBENTURES bearing the same Numbers respectively have been issued in their place.

The said New Debentures bear on the face thereof the words "RE-ISSUED 19 April, 1894" (in red ink) and "ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., Gen. Managers" (in black ink); and the INTEREST COUPONS attached thereto bear the words "RE-ISSUED 19 April, 1894" (in red ink) and the initials "A. K. & Co." (in black ink).

All Persons are hereby warned against negotiating or dealing with the said cancelled Debentures.

Dated 14th June, 1894.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., General Managers.

694]

NOTICE TO CAPTAINS.

MASTERS of Vessels arriving here CAN NOT BE TOO PARTICULAR as to the SOURCE of supply of FRESH WATER, more especially during the present epidemic.

J. W. KEW & Co.'s STEAM WATER-BOATS enable them to SUPPLY VESSELS with any quantity of PURE FRESH WATER, with the greatest despatch and at moderate rates.

Call Flag "W," Commercial Code.

Office 18, Praya Central, Hongkong, 14th June, 1894. [695]

CHAMPAGNES.

THE UNDERSIGNED have been appointed Agents for Messrs. ERNEST IRROY & Co.'s brands of Champagne at this Port and in China:—

CARTE D'OR. per 6 mag. \$33 per 1 doz. qts. \$33 per 2 doz. pints. \$33

CARTE BLANCHE. per 1 dozen quarts. \$28 per 2 dozen pints. \$28

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & Co., Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Hongkong, 21st May, 1894. [607]

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & Co., WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, LONDON AND GLASGOW.

13, Queen's Road, Hongkong, 24th August, 1893. [25]

Shipping.

STEAMERS.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOCHOW.

THE Company's Steamship "HAI TAN."

Captain Hodgins, will be despatched for the above Ports TO-MORROW, the 17th instant, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAIRRAK & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 16th June, 1894. [699]

"UNION" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship "ISMAILIA."

Captain McAlpin, will be despatched for the above Ports on MONDAY, the 19th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to SHEWAN & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1894. [700]

SAILING VESSELS.

FOR NEW YORK. THE 3/3 I. I. I. American Bark "EDWARD MAY."

McClure, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to SHEWAN & Co. Hongkong, 17th March, 1894. [363]

Consignees.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Steamship "CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO."

The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and

Intimations.

DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & CO., LD.

D. C. & Co's

DISINFECTING FLUID.

Similar to Cordy's at quarter the price.

Large bottles.....\$2.50

Per gallon.....\$2.00

This is a safe and reliable disinfectant and is not poisonous.

NO better preventive against Plague and Disease is possible than a well disinfected house.

DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & COMPANY, LIMITED, VICTORIA DISPENSARY, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 21st May, 1894.

136

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

CHEMISTS BY APPOINTMENT.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED WATERS.

OUR NEW FACTORY has been recently fitted with automatic Steam Machinery of the latest and most approved kind, and we are well able to compete in quality with the best English Makers.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are exercised in the manufacture throughout.

COAST PORT ORDERS, when ever practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.

For COAST PORTS, Waters are packed and placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and the full amount allowed for Packages and Emigrants when received in good order.

Counterfull Order Books supplied on Application.

Our list of Telephone Addresses is "DISPENSARY, HONGKONG," and all signed messages addressed thus will receive prompt attention.

The following is a list of Waters always kept ready in Stock:

PURE AERATED WATER

SODA WATER

LEMONADE

POTASH WATER

SELTZER WATER

PURE TAIL WATER

LITIA WATER

SARSAPILLA WATER

TONIC WATER

GINGER ALE

GINGERADE.

No Credit given for Bottles that look dirty or greasy, or appear to have been used for any other purpose than that of containing Aerated Waters, as such Bottles are never used again by us.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

The Hongkong Dispensary, Hongkong.

The Canton Dispensary, Canton.

The Dispensary, Foshan.

The Hong Kong Dispensary, Hankow.

The Hongkong Dispensary, Tientsin.

London Office, 8, Fenchurch Buildings, E.C.

Hongkong, 16th June, 1894.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

FROM AND AFTER THE 1st OF JANUARY,

1894, THE SUBSCRIPTION TO "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" WILL BE THIRTY

DOLLARS PER ANNUM, OR TWO DOLLARS

AND A HALF PER MONTH.

ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS MUST BE PAID IN

ADVANCE.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1894.

SOME FACTS AND SUGGESTIONS

ANENT THE PLAGUE.

So much free Missionary advertising has been done in our contemporaries during the last few days by inspired idiots in connection with the plague that we sent down one of our staff to the hospitals this forenoon to make inquiries as to the work done by these gentlemen and to get at the actual state of affairs as far as concerned the medical management of the sick.

The first thing to be noted is the fact that not a single word came from the Pious Crowd until the battle had been three months fought—i.e. all the difficulties of commissariat and management had been overcome by the Government medical staff. The first appearance of the gallant band was on Sunday last, when two "advanced pupils" were attached to assist in preserving order in the half-headed work they both did, one giving as his reason for seeking that he was suffering from diarrhoea, and the other that his aged mother

required his assistance in some distant Chinese village. Although several of their "highly educated" confederates were asked to take up their work they all thought it "ridiculous" to do disagreeable nature for their liking and they took no further part in assisting. Realising that Chinese could not be depended on to do the work, the Government medical officers applied for and got the services of two Army Medical Staff men and two Naval wardmasters, the intention being, if possible, to get sole charge of the Glass Works—i.e. in fact we understand that this proposal was actually made and rejected by the Permanent Committee. After the Pig Depot was opened, Dr. Penny and Lawson had the place put in order and transported the patients there and put them under the care of the wardmasters—the cases removed being either mild ones or convalescents. No sooner was this running smoothly than the "Gallant Band" recognised that at last they might get a lot of praise and subscriptions if they could only get this Pig Depot with its convalescents into their hands, and what had been refused the Medical Department was at once granted to them by the noble Rajah Francis, who had evidently been "pulled" for the occasion.

Now comes the time when heroic sacrifices must be made by these pious martyrs. We were informed by "Brownie" the other day that Dr. Burton had marched his whole staff down to Kennedy Town and taken possession of the Pig Depot. On enquiry from people on the spot we find that Dr. Burton and one of his pupils have been seen on three occasions during the week for about five minutes and on further enquiry from one of the wardmasters as to what they did he answered us with a queer smile: "Looked in the door and then went away." Not a bit of work did they do. The gentleman who is at the head of the 'show' has no more idea of equipping a hospital than he has of flying, and we understand that in order to let them start to do a small amount of work the Government officers have had to fit up the place and make all arrangements themselves, without a hand's turn from the Apostles of Truth (?) in the colony. To-day four Alice Memorial students were hunting the Glass Works maitained which is now being got ready for their use.

The amount of daylight forward lying that these people have done through their "organ," the *China Mail*, has been something tremendous. Every paragraph they have inserted has been—no use to us a term, a gross misrepresentation. They say it is to be like the jacks-in-the-box fight—they came up after the victory has been won and try to get off the spot. Where were they from May 23 till June 1st, when all the difficulties were being tackled? Safe in the arms of—The less gas we get from our local contemporaries on this subject now the better it will be for the public and also for the missionaries themselves, who may be very nice people in a small way but who have the extraordinary failing of always making themselves obnoxious and bolstering up imaginary service whenever they think they can get an extra five dollars out of the home people for the education of the heathen orphan.

One thing in addition we have seriously to suggest. We understand that Mr. Francis has never been either in Tai-ping-shan or near any of the Hospitals and that he is the principal obstruction to the men who do the whole of the work. He has been getting all the credit so far, but a revolution of feeling is already started, and according to our inquiries, rightly so. It is most easy to sit on one's chair all day long and talk, but when it comes to doing hard brain work for a whole day in a hot sun or pouring rain a little more stamina and pluck are necessary. We would earnestly impress upon his Excellency the Governor the advisability of asking for a report from the men who have been in the thick of the plague. The ropes are being pulled by so many individuals who know nothing of the actual state of affairs that we are in danger of the colony being worse off than ever. If a committee consisting of Mr. F. H. May, Surgeon-Major James, Dr. Lawson, and Surgeon Penny had the powers now vested in others we think a vastly more satisfactory state of affairs would be brought about. These are the men who have been doing the work and whose opinions ought to have far more weight than those of Mr. Francis and Mr. Stewart Lockhart, who, to say the least, have been doing more by way of constant interference and stupid bungling to "damn the show" than all the Chinese in the Colony. None of the Committee we have suggested can be affected in the slightest degree by interest which is brought from without—and we venture to believe that with a committee of this constitution the suppression of the plague rather than an idle temporising with it would be the object in view. Hitherto "can't do it" has been the conventional phrase from the vocabulary, and a profound consideration for Chinese sentiment the principal aim—which is directly opposed to the best interests not only of the Chinese but of Europeans as well. We cannot expect ignorant people to see what is for their real good—but if we know ourselves we are bound to do it and not let sentiment interfere. The one cowardly and dishonest; the other though perhaps a trifle harsh is at all events honest. We want Justice—not Law; Beef, not Gas. The medical element should be predominant and not be snubbed and ignored and made secondary to sentimental and mischievous ideas.

TELEGRAMS.

DEATH OF THE LORD CHIEF JUSTICE.

LONDON, June 14th.

Lord Coleridge, Lord Chief Justice of England, is dead.

The Right Hon. John Duke Coleridge was the elder son of the Rt. Hon. Sir John Taylor Coleridge, of Heath Court, Ottery St. Mary, by Mary, eldest daughter of the late Rev. Gilbert Buchanan, LL.D., Vicar of Woodmaistone, and Rector of Northfleet, and was born in the year 1821. He was educated at Eton, and at Ball College, Oxford, where he obtained a scholarship, and graduated B.A. in 1842 and M.A. in 1846, up to which year he had been a Fellow of Exeter College. He was called to the bar at the Middle Temple, November 6th, 1846, and went on the Western Circuit, of which he was for some years the leader. In 1855 he was appointed Recorder of Portsmouth, and was created a Queen's Counsel in 1861, being soon afterwards nominated a Bench of the Middle Temple. He was an unsuccessful candidate for the representation of Exeter in the House of Commons in August, 1864, but was elected for that city in July, 1865, and continued to represent it till November, 1873. In December, 1868, on the formation of Mr. Gladstone's Government, he was selected to fill the office of Solicitor-General, when he received the honour of knighthood, and in November, 1871, on Sir Robert Collier being appointed to a judgeship in the Judicial Department of the Privy Council, Sir John Duke Coleridge was appointed to succeed him as Attorney-General. On the retirement of Lord Romilly, in 1873 from the Mastership of the Rolls, Sir John Coleridge, as Attorney-General, though a member of the Common Law bar, received the first offer of that appointment, but after mature consideration he declined the office, which was conferred upon Sir George Jessel, the Solicitor-General, who

was a member of the Equity bar. Soon afterwards, however, the death of Sir William Bovill left the Chief Justiceship of the Court of Common Pleas at the disposal of the Government, and this high office was at once conferred upon Sir John Coleridge, who was sworn in as Lord Chief Justice, November 10th, 1873. In the following month he was raised to the peerage by the title of Baron Coleridge of Ottery St. Mary, in the county of Devon. He was appointed Lord Chief Justice of England on the death of Sir Alexander Cockburn in November, 1880. Lord Coleridge was at one time a contributor to the *Edinburgh Review*, and other periodicals. His lordship married, in 1816, Jane Fortescue, third daughter of the Rev. George Turner Seymour, of Faringford Hill, in the Isle of Wight, who died some years ago. In 1886 he married again. His eldest son, the Hon. Bernard John Coleridge, is M.P. for the Attercliffe Division of Sheffield.]

THE MOROCCO IMBROGLIO.

All the powers except Germany have agreed to common action in settling the difficulties which have arisen in Morocco.

GREAT BRITAIN'S POLICY.

The Earl of Rosebery, speaking at the Trinity House banquet, said that England's policy was one of peace and defence; and that the present great European armaments tended to the preservation of peace, owing to the awful responsibility attaching to those directing them.

THE CONGO.

Sir Edward Grey (Parliamentary Secretary for Foreign Affairs) announced that Germany contests the clauses of the Congo treaty regarding the lease of the strip of territory between Lakes Tanganyika and Albert Edward. Germany's sanction to these clauses is required.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 8th.

M. Hausmann and M. Billecoque have been appointed to replace M. Martin and M. Huette. The Cabinet is determined to assert the rights of France.

THE SPANISH ESTIMATES.

MADRID, June 7th.

The estimates for the ensuing year have been laid before Parliament. There is a deficit of 24 million dollars, which the Government hopes to cover by increases in the revenue, but this is very doubtful.

CHOLERA IN EUROPE.

June 8th.

Numerous cases of cholera are reported to have occurred in Germany. Cholera nostras (or European cholera) is also reported to have broken out in Paris.

MOROCCO.

June 11th.

The Sultan of Morocco, Muley Hassan, is dead. He ascended the throne in 1873, succeeding his father Muley Mohamed. There is a persistent rumour that he was poisoned. This places his son Muley Araaf in a critical situation; he is in the recently turbulent province of Rif.

The Robat troops have declared in favour of Abd-el-Aziz, a younger son of the late Sultan. This prince is only a boy of 17. It is believed that the Sultan will endeavour to enforce his rights, and that civil war will ensue.

June 12th.

Up to last night nothing was known as to the real cause of the death of the Sultan of Morocco. On the proclamation of his second son, Abd-el-Aziz as Emperor, several chiefs raised the standard of rebellion in favour of Muley Mohamed.

Most of the foreign Powers are in favour of the succession of Abd-el-Aziz, and in view of possible important contingencies are sending squadrons to Tangier. The Spanish garrisons of Ceuta and Melilla have been strongly re-inforced, and are under stringent orders from the Government to keep a sharp look out.

The cruiser *Conde de Venadillo* and the troopships *Legazpi* and *Rabat* have sailed for Mazagan, near Tangier.

EARTHQUAKES IN SPAIN.

In Granada and Almeria violent earthquakes have occurred, causing many deaths and tremendous damage to property. The towns which have suffered most are those where earthquakes had been experienced previously, and where almost all the buildings had been reconstructed with funds raised by public charity.

SINGAPORE TO LEGISLATE AGAINST THE PLAGUE.

Mr. Fullerton Henderson, Secretary of the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce, has courteously forwarded us a copy of the following private telegram which was received here to-day from Singapore:—

"The Singapore Government propose to enact prohibition of all immigration from China. A steamer from Swatow having a suspected case of plague on board has been ordered into quarantine for nine days."

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

We are going up in more ways than one; while our glory was the day, we now want doctors.

C. J. H.—Sir, I am a Spring poet. Ed'go—Well, spring then, for I am contentedly busy.

THERE is an epidemic of gladders in the military and other stabler in Phung-shing, Tientsin. Total destruction is the remedy followed by the French doctors.

A REGULAR meeting of Perseverance Lodge No. 1165, E.C., will be held in the Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, this evening, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

THE Mission steam-launch *Day Spring* will call alongside vessels holding day permit C, between 9 and 10.30 a.m., on Sunday, to convey men ashore to the 11 o'clock service, returning about 12.30 p.m.

We understand that Mr. F. A. Cooper, Director of Public Works, who is, in common with most of the heads of departments, at home on leave, has been recalled by wire, and is due here at the end of next month.

THE German steamer *Helen Richmann* is coming to her berth at Salween on the 8th inst., and will be laden with cotton and opium. This is the third such accident that has occurred in the Salween river within a fortnight.DR. DE MEDEIROS, Bishop of Macao, was a passenger for Timor by the E. & A. Co's steamer *Mannur*, which left Macao this afternoon for Australian ports, calling in at the Portuguese settlement en route.

On the night of the 8th June a gang of some twenty robbers cut a hole in a private powder magazine at Saigon, and carried away five kegs, each containing 100 kilograms of gunpowder.

THIS afternoon the chief officer of the British ship *Salween* was arrested by Detective Holt on a warrant charging him with causing the death of a British seaman by diving him overboard while his ship was en route from New York to Hongkong.

THE advent of the London Lyric Company just now is most welcome and it is to be regretted that the management does not see its way clearly to prolong the season. "Sweet Lavender" is to be put on and doubtless a very enjoyable entertainment will be provided.

THE repeated effort to obtain the great advantage of having the fairway lights every night seemed once to have succeeded, for the channel was thus marked during April and May; but now the Harbour Master has announced his opinion that "the improvement is not availed of," and has stopped it.

CAPTAIN Stewart Crow, of the British ship *Salween*, was charged at the Police Court this morning with having assaulted Patrick Flynn, a sailor, on the high seas on March 3rd. After hearing some evidence, the further hearing of the case was adjourned until Monday, defendant being admitted to bail in two sureties of \$500 each.M. LE Vasseur, editor of the *Tonkin Independent*, and candidate in the elections of the Colonial Council a few months ago, has brought an action for libel against M. Chesney, editor of the *Asiatique*, for referring to the other candidate (M. de Vilers) as the successful man. M. Lebon, who was then head of the Colonial Subsecretariat in Paris, ruled that Le Vasseur had been duly elected; but there followed a great upheaval in which the Subsecretariat was replaced by a Ministry and Lebon was obliterated from current politics; De Vilers now poses as "the people's police," and Le Vasseur is fighting hard to assert his claim. The case was heard on the 6th inst. in Hanol, and judgment was reserved for a week. But surely Councillors have some document issued to them on election, which ought to leave no doubt.NEWS of a mishap to the British steamer *Windsor* was received here to-day from Manila. From Messrs. Warner, Blodgett and Co's trade circular issued at Manila on Tuesday last, we learn that the *Windsor* left Iloilo with a full cargo of sugar on the 1st inst. in a truck on the Tub Baitaha reef at 9 o'clock on the night of the 2nd. Information was sent on to Manila, but before assistance arrived the vessel had been successfully floated by her crew on the 7th and steamed back to Iloilo. Some 600 tons of cargo were either jettisoned or washed out. The *Windsor*, a vessel of 1793 tons register, has since been surveyed and as a result has been ordered to discharge the remainder of her cargo and proceed to the nearest convenient port for repairs. It is said the cargo was insured in the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company.It is a pity that we cannot induce the Chinese population to comply with the simplest sanitary rules. Instead of reporting plague cases to the authorities, they take particular pains to conceal everything and even when a death occurs, they do their best to bury the body surreptitiously in some out-of-the-way place. Thus, for example, they have had the plague three weeks in Shien-ki-wan and have had forty-five deaths. The new graves are the only evidence of the fact, as not a word has been sent to the Government. In Quarry Bay, there have been at least nine deaths; at Chaiwan eight; in Little Hongkong ten; in Pok-fu-lam twelve; in Ap-lic-hau six, and in the six other villages on the island some fifteen. In addition to these a hundred bodies have been buried ashore in junk and sampans and buried where the *Pung Shau* was of good quality. In other words, at least a hundred and fifty deaths have occurred, of which we have no record and the disease germs have been carried to every part of Hongkong.We deeply regret to learn that Mr. D. MacDonald, of the *China Mail*, died this morning at the Peak Hospital, where he had been placed Tuesday, in high fever. Ordinarily of quiet and extremely reserved disposition, "Mac" in a company was one of the brightest and most popular of good fellows, and his splendid baritone voice was quite an acquisition to the colony. He came out about seven years ago from Aberdeen, where he had been on the staff of the *Journal* and other local papers at various times—having originally come from Banff. He always enjoyed good health until after exchanging the varied outdoor duties of a reporter for the sedentary occupation of sub-editor; and during the whole of last year he was frequently laid up with fever. A trip to Japan last summer seemed to do little good, and he had been contemplating a return to Europe this year in case his health should not improve; but last Saturday the fever again broke out with a violence from which he never recovered. Dr. Stedman and Dr. Harlan were unremitting in their attentions, but in spite of everything his temperature kept rising to 106, 107 and 108, and during most of the time he was in a delirious or comatose state. He passed away quietly at nine o'clock this morning. The funeral will take place at Happy Valley at 8.30 a.m. to-morrow.

THE HONGKONG "ODD VOLUMES." SOME was burnt whilst Nero fiddled, So the hoary legends say, There's the sentiment of Nero In the "Job Lots" of to-day; In a programme quite "job-lotly" Younger Juggins maps it out That a set of yams are coming—Ten or more, without a doubt, "Pills" will be a gem on "Barnum," No insurance need apply Elder Juggins next will tell us All about an Ancient Lie; Law will spin a yarn on Pitt; Tatcher, Banyan touch a bit; "Pills" again, gives "heat and cold," Make it "heat" if plague germs hold; "Paracetamol" will be a long chalk; Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

Not the "Only" by a long chalk; Of "Black Printing" some one speaks; May be what one most deprecates Is "Double-stars" on "shooters" yarning; Stead of studying typhoon-warning; Then "a Chile can hame to Lee," And spelt on what he didn't see, Gird him then the lesson weel We'll no ca' him to the deil.

At last we are happy. The latest issue of the *Medical World* (Philadelphia) informs us that "Salicyl-di-brom-amide produces a slight follicular desquamation."

It was reported this morning that one of the Chinese junks conveying plague-stricken patients from the colony to Canton, capsized at Cap-sul-mun yesterday, with serious loss of life. The report, however, needs confirmation.

THE Russian steamer *Saratoff*, with the first cargo of new season's teas from Hankow for Odessa, arrived at Singapore on the morning of the 9th inst. When proceeding to the Borneo Wharf she was swept by the strong ebb tide on the reef near the Polo Brand Wharf, but floated off with the rising tide without having sustained any damage.DURING the voyage of the French steamer *Cachar*, which arrived at Saigon a few days ago from France, a lady passenger was surprised by the entry (accidental of course) of a horrid male creature into her cabin, and without a moment's hesitation she fired a revolver full in his face. The bullet probably went out through the porthole; anyhow the intruder was not struck.At the Harbour Office to-day, before Captain R. M. Rumsey, marine magistrate, an able seaman of the American ship *Emily Reed* named John Davies was charged with refusing to obey the lawful commands of Captain E. W. Simmons on that vessel yesterday. The prisoner's plea was that it was no part of his duty to work cargo in port. He was sent to gaol for seven days.EARLY on the morning of the 30th May the French steamer *Hanol* was hailed by a junk just outside of Holbow, and Capt. Chodzko was informed of a piracy which had just been committed by a junk then in sight, hurrying away towards Cape Kamel. He gave chase, and soon had both plunderer and victim towed into Holbow, where they were handed over to the native authorities. There will soon be another "dipping knife" for Mrs. Brown Trotter to add to her collection.

HONGKONG'S PREDICAMENT.



GOVERNOR ROBINSON STUMPED.

SPORTING SKETCHES.

The ordinary annual meeting of this Company was held to-day. Mr. E. Layton presided, and there were also present Mr. E. W. Hoadley (agent), Mr. H. D. Lymple (director), Messrs. A. B. Johnson, W. G. Darby, A. G. S. Stokes, A. G. Wood, G. M. Bain, A. G. Gardon, and J. Mcleod.

The agent read the notice of meeting. The Chairman said:—Gentlemen, I am sorry you have been kept so long waiting for a quorum. In presenting the report and accounts for the year I have again to express regret that the affairs of the Company continue unsatisfactory, the loss for 1893 coming to about \$13,000. I shall be glad to explain in detail any item in the accounts. Though our expenses have been less than in 1892, we made about \$9,000 less in general trading, which may be put down to the very bad condition of the timber trade of late. Cannot speak very hopefully of the prospects for 1894. Four directors have had constantly in view the desirability of disposing of the Company's assets and gradually winding up without further loss, but no opportunity has offered.

There being no questions, the report was adopted on the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Stokes.

On the motion of Mr. Johnson, seconded by Mr. Gordon, the auditors (Messrs. Henderson and Layton) were re-elected.

This concluded the proceedings.

THE SANITARY BOARD ELECTION.

In the City Hall this afternoon, in presence of about thirty rate-payers, Mr. J. J. Francis, Q.C., and Mr. R. K. Leigh were elected as proposed members of the Sanitary Board, the former having served before and the latter replacing Mr. J. D. Humphreys.

Mr. Leigh said:—Gentlemen, I am sorry for this appointment, in the event of your electing me, I trust I shall be able to further the interests of sanitation in this Colony, and in doing so the general prosperity of the place, as I can imagine nothing more damaging than the present plague which is in our midst. Not only is it crippling our shipping by the quarantine regulations which are being enforced against ships coming from this port, restricting for the time the output of all our local factories by the want of men to carry them on, but there is the danger that if the plague is not effectively stamped out the future of the produce of these local factories may be greatly injured. It is very clear that if the Sanitary Board is in future to be responsible for the sanitation of the colony, its powers will have to be considerably enlarged and it will complete an enrolment.

Mr. Francis also acknowledged his election in a speech of some length.

THE PLAGUE IN HONGKONG.

There is little new to chronicle since our last report, the situation remaining practically unchanged. The medical staff of the colony will shortly be materially increased—not too late to be of any use, but this ought to have been done weeks ago. Dr. Bayley has arrived from Swatow, Dr. Moynaux is expected shortly from Ningpo, two surgeons from the British steamer *Adron* are said to be en route from Shanghai and Singapore, and two more are available both from Shanghai and Singapore, there should soon be no lack of medical attendance. It is also stated that Dr. Canille will return to the colony at an early date.

It was currently reported in the colony this morning, and apparently on good authority, that nearly the whole of the first contingent of plague-stricken patients sent by junks from the Glass Works branch of the Tung Wah Hospital to Canton had died either en route or soon after arrival; that great excitement

PASSENGERS BOOKED FOR THE FAR EAST.

Per Messageries Maritimes steamer *Calcutta*, from Marseilles, May 27th.—To Yokohama: Mr. Yamamoto, To Shanghai, H. E. S. H. To Hongkong: Mr. Guilbaud and family.

Per P. and O. steamer *Britannia*, from London, May 14th.—To Hongkong: Sergeant and Mrs. W. Watson and two children. From India.—To Yokohama: Mr. Percy Mathias.

Per P. and O. steamer *Oceana* from London, May 25th.—To Yokohama: Mr. Whitall. To Shanghai: Mr. G. A. Marlyn.

Per Canadian Pacific steamer *Empress of India*, from Vancouver, June 4th.—To Hongkong: Mr. A. D. Harman, Mr. E. S. Thomas.

Per Glen Line steamer *Glenishtel*, from London, May 5th.—To Yokohama: Mr. Val Zila. To Hongkong: Miss Alcock.

MACAO NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Macao, 15th June, 1894.
It is an ill wind that blows nobody good, and the plague which is ravaging Hongkong and Canton is giving a prospect to the Holy City which it has not known for many years. There is a constant immigration, both European and Mongolian, which has made glad the hearts of the hotel-keepers and owners of 'houses to let.' But the Boer and King's hotels have had for some time past as many guests as they could accommodate, and the Chinese are crowded. When talking with an official the other day he told me that there was not a single unoccupied house left on Praya Grande or in the best streets of the European quarter.

The Government authorities are entitled to great credit for the present most satisfactory sanitary condition of the city. After the deadly visitation of cholera a few years ago they were forced to realize the importance of sanitation and to erect then the city has been a marvel of good drainage and thorough cleanliness. This has been particularly the case since Mr. A. A. Pereira was placed in charge as Civil Administrator, and there can be no doubt that the city to a very considerable extent owes its immunity from plague and other diseases to his energetic policy. He begins his duties in the morning by a round of visits and works until late every night, and the vessel that comes into port, after the Colonel's Surgeon in his rounds visits every quarter of the city where there is a possibility of infection, and personally supervises every improvement and other public work. At the present moment it would be no exaggeration to say that Macao is the cleanest city in the Far East. Not only are all the streets and lanes thoroughly swept and garished, but every drain and sewer has been washed out with the fire engine, and has then been disinfected by strong chemicals.

Every house, native and Chinese, has been inspected and where necessary has been disinfected and thereafter whitewashed. Even at the present moment there is a corps of disinfectors who visit each morning with fresh lime, chloride of lime, carbolic acid and similar compounds and apply it wherever they think it will be of any benefit.

Among the visits of late week was Dr. Fries, late American Consul at Amoy, who made a tour through most of the official institutions of the place, including the gaol, hospitals and asylums. Dr. Fries expressed himself as being very much pleased with his inspection, and said that our civil hospital was one of the best he had ever visited, a truly model affair of its kind. He also spoke very highly of the hospital tendered him by some of our leading officials.

Mr. Pacheco, the Civil Administrator, has instituted a new system with regard to leprosy which meets with very hearty approval. Instead of sending the unfortunate sufferers from that disease to the hospitals, or allowing them to live in sequestered huts on this side, he now transports them to a small island on Macao Island. In this he follows out the example of the Sandwich Islands, where all the lepers are transported to Makotoa. The result of this innovation was entirely unexpected. It was at first the practice of begging lepers coming into the city from Chinese territory. This in itself is an improvement which cannot be too highly commended.

As yet no quarantine has been established against Hongkong or Canton, although it has been reported that Governor Horta e Costa contemplated something in that direction; there is, however, a very strict inspection of every passenger on board steamers from those places carried out by Dr. Novas, of the Portuguese gunboat *Dia*. Instead of looking for bubonic symptoms Dr. Novas goes a step further and tries to nip the thing in the bud by looking for fever. A passenger with a pulse and temperature appreciably above normal is not allowed to land, but is sent back on the same steamer to Hongkong or Canton as the case may be. The new rule works well, as out of the numerous Chinese sent back as fever patients a large proportion developed plague shortly afterwards, and most of them died either before they put foot upon land again or shortly afterwards.

NEWS BY THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.

The following telegrams from our Sydney exchanges were "crowded out" of last night's issue:—

Telegrams from St. Petersburg give particulars of the vast Nihilist conspiracy reported to have been discovered in that city.

A great number of arrests have been made, including public officials, professors at the universities, priests, and members of a society of friends for the promotion of political liberty. The police behaved with great brutality in making the arrests, stripping some of the women suspects naked.

The conspiracy extended to Moscow, where 50 arrests have been made.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* reports that a man named Rykov, a prominent citizen at Tomsk, a town in West Siberia, told his wife as a secret that certain friends of his had escaped during their boyhood from the Siberian mines. The woman informed the authorities, with the result that the persons concerned were immediately arrested, flogged, and returned to the mines.

An anti-Semitic outbreak is reported to have occurred at Ekaterinburg, a city in southern Russia. A portion of the populace attacked, pillaged, and burned a number of Jewish houses, crying "Revenge on the blood-suckers." Many of the Jews were killed by the mob. The riot was ultimately quelled, and ten of the rioters have been arrested.

The Governor has received a dispatch notifying that the Marquis of Ripon has recommended to the Queen that Speakers of Legislative Assemblies and Presidents of Legislative Councils in the colonies shall be allowed to retain the title "honorable" after three years' service.

LONDON, May 14th.
A religious fight took place to-day at Portdown, County Down, Ireland. During a funeral a number of Nationalists attacked the Orangemen, many of whom carried arms, and shots were exchanged, several persons being injured. The police succeeded in arresting several of the rioters.

A remarkable point of law has just been decided by an Austrian Appellate Court. A wealthy Jew bequeathed a sum of money to the poor and sick of Pola, a town in Italy. The trustees under the will excluded Jews from participation in its benefits on the ground that they were not legally included among "human beings." The matter was taken into the Appellate Court, which has decided, acting on ancient law, that Jews have a right to be included among "human beings."

From New York it is reported that a band of workers from the State of Indiana are marching to Washington to petition Congress to suspend immigration.

Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria and Mr. Stambouloff, the Bulgarian Premier, are supporting a scheme for a defensive alliance with Turkey.

It is reported that it is proposed to abolish the customs frontier between Turkey and Bulgaria, and to attach Bulgarian officers to the Turkish Army.

Her Majesty the Queen has telegraphed to the Khedive of Egypt, expressing her pleasure at his intended visit to England, and giving him a cordial invitation to be her guest at Windsor Castle.

May 15th.
Owing to disorder in the colleges at Oxford, the authorities have been more strict in their enforcement of the rules.

At Christchurch some of the students have been rusticated, and as a protest against this action a thousand University students formed a procession to-day, and escorted them to the railway station.

The students were greatly excited, and adopted various methods of showing their resentment. A sad boasting fatality has occurred at Ipswich, in Suffolk. A party of holiday makers engaged a boat, which capsized, owing to the unskillfulness of the crew, and six of the occupants were drowned.

Experts have recently made an investigation into the condition of the model dwellings in East London. In their report they condemn the crowded state of the houses, and state that the mortality is at per 1,000 per annum.

Among other statements in the report is one to the effect that in 1886 the quantity of carbolic acid in London was 3,700 per 1,000 volumes, whereas now there is 5.68 per 1,000 volumes.

The Vienna correspondent of the *Times* states that the Vatican for the restoration of the temporal power of the Pope.

The death is announced of the Earl of Lindsay, who was born in 1827, and succeeded to the title in 1851.

There is at present a remarkable epidemic of suicide in Paris. Several students and juveniles are among the victims.

It is reported that Sir John Tomlinson Hibbert, Financial Secretary to the Treasury is to succeed Mr. A. J. Mundella as President of the Board of Trade.

An agrarian outrage is reported from Castlebar, County Mayo, Ireland. A farmer named Mitchell, who had taken a farm from which another tenant had been evicted by the landlord, was to-day brutally attacked by a number of residents in the district. Several of his limbs were broken and his skull fractured. He is now reported to be in a dying condition. A number of persons have been arrested for complicity in the outrage.

Senor Canovas del Castillo, the leader of the Conservatives in the Spanish Cortes, in the course of a speech in the Chamber yesterday, said that it was impossible for one nation to hold the keys to the Straits of Gibraltar.

It is expected that the Pope will convene a national synod in the United States to devise means to terminate the existing dispute on the education system.

Monsieur Salliol, the special delegate to America on the question, and the Roman Catholic bishops propose the appointment of a permanent Papal legate to the United States.

Sir John Pender, M.P., chairman of the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company, has informed Sir Charles Tupper, High Commissioner for Canada in London, that it would be possible to construct a single Pacific cable for £1,800,000, but that it would be impossible to obtain a profit if the cable was worked on the terms proposed by the Intercolonial Postal Conference at Wellington.

The new board of directors of the New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency Company have decided that they will not institute a prosecution against the old directors.

M. Charles Louis Ambrose Thomas, the French musical composer, has been decorated with the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honour.

The Egyptian Assembly of Notables has decided upon the criminal prosecution of Ferdinand de Lesseps and the other early directors of the Suez Canal for the alleged embezzlement of founders' shares granted by the late Said Pasha in 1857.

May 17th.
Mr. Labouchere asserts in *Truth* that the managers of the Imperial Institute are a body of rogues for selling it. He adds that the Post-office is flooded with circulars that have been sent out detailing the dinner menus, the bands, and the shows at the Institute.

Mr. Bayard, the American Ambassador in London, has officially informed the British Government that the United States desire to retire from the joint control of Samoa, as provided by the Berlin Act, the only stipulation imposed being that the rights of American citizens in the islands shall be protected.

The Agents-General for Victoria and Tasmania have been instructed to support the proposal that the control of Samoa be vested in a British protectorate over the islands. The Governments of Queensland and South Australia have sent no directions to their Agents-General on the matter.

In the Austrian Reichsrath yesterday, the Minister for Agriculture said that the tyranny of agitators was forcing a large section of workers to accept the eight-hours system, though it was really not desired by them.

The New York correspondent of the *Standard* in referring to the proposed American withdrawal from the joint control of Samoa, says it is suggested that Great Britain and Germany should cede the harbor of Pago Pago to America. This is a port at Tutuila, in the Samoan group, and is at present used by America as a naval coaling station.

May 18th.
Sir Charles Tupper, High Commissioner for Canada in London, has replied to the representations of Sir John Pender, M.P., chairman of the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company, with respect to the proposed Pacific cable. Sir Charles says he cannot believe that it would be difficult to work the cable on the terms suggested by the recent Intercolonial Postal Conference at Wellington, and points out that the existing companies have received £3,000,000 in subsidies.

The freedom of the City of London has been conferred on Mr. George Williams, the founder and president of the Young Men's Christian Association.

[Mr. George Williams is the head of the firm of Hitchcock, Williams, and Co., merchants,

and has been president of the Y.M.C.A. since 1878, succeeding the Earl of Shaftesbury, who was president for 34 years. The honor conferred upon Mr. Williams is in view of the fact that he was the founder of the Y.M.C.A.—the jubilee of which was celebrated throughout the world on the 6th inst.]

In the United States Senate yesterday, Mr. Lodge proposed the appointment of a committee to inquire into the alleged bribery of members by the American Sugar Trust to secure more favorable treatment in the new Tariff Bill.

The motion was agreed to and a committee appointed.

The World's Congress of Miners is at present sitting in Berlin, the delegates present representing 1,000,000 miners.

Resolutions have been agreed to demanding the legalisation of the eight hours' system, and the prohibition of the employment of all female labor in mines.

At the World's Congress of Miners sitting in Berlin, a resolution has been passed demanding that owners shall be made liable for underground accidents.

The Serbian Supreme Court has given its decision with respect to the case recently issued by King Alexander, restoring his father, ex-King Milan, to his full rights and to the position of Commander-in-Chief of the Serbian Army. The Court rules that the case is illegal.

It is believed that preparations are being made for a revolution in Serbia, and numerous political arrests have taken place daily.

In the French Chamber of Deputies yesterday, M. Casimir-Perier, replying to a question, said that the Government possessed the absolute right to nominate bishops, and they had told the Papal Nuncio that they would not permit any intervention of the Church in political questions.

It is announced that the Turkish Government have decided to send 2,600 men and 14 guns to suppress the revolt in Albania.

The trouble at Christ Church College, Oxford, has been increased by further decisive action on the part of the authorities. A number of the students, including a peer, sent in a protest against the recent sentences passed upon the turbulent students who were rusticated. The result was that the authorities rusticated the protesters.

Some of the students threaten to prosecute the authorities.

May 10th.
At the Manchester meeting to-day the Whitston Plate resulted:—

Whitston Plate, 1,000-sovs., two-year-olds, five furlongs.

Mr. Timmer's b c Hopbine, by Despair—1

Vixen—2

Mr. A. W. Cox's b or br f Galeotia, by Vixen—3

Mr. W. G. Cox's b c Telescope, by Vixen—4

Mr. W. G. Cox's b c Telescope, by Vixen—5

The Rome correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* says that the Pope is profoundly grieved at the attitude of the French Government towards the Vatican, and is recalling Monsignor Ferrasi, the Nuncio at Paris, and creating him a Cardinal.

The *Vossische Zeitung* of Berlin states that the Upper Chamber of the Bavarian Legislature has agreed to the deposition and personal arrest of King Otto owing to his insanity, and to the succession of Prince Leopold, the Regent, and uncle of the King.

The same paper expresses the belief that the Chamber of Deputies will acquiesce in the deposition of King Otto. [King Otto was born April 27, 1848, and succeeded to the throne on June 13, 1886. Prince Leopold was born March 12, 1821, and was appointed Regent June 10, 1886.]

From Belgrade is reported that M. Pochitch, formerly a member of the Serbian Embassy at St. Petersburg, is conspiring to remove King Alexander in favor of Mr. Karageorgewitch, a former Serbian Minister for Foreign Affairs.

May 20th.
A steamship company, has been formed in Russia to trade via the Pacific between America and Vladivostok, forming a connection with the Siberian railway.

A letter has been published from Mr. Gladstone, in which he states that the discord among the Irish parties in the House of Commons is the chief obstacle to the Home Rule cause. He considers that the Parnellites are the most to blame.

From New York it is reported that Dr. Henry Meyer has been found guilty of murder in the second degree. The evidence at the trial showed that he had induced his wife to enter into a bigamous marriage with a man named Brandt, and that he had afterwards poisoned Brandt and obtained the money for which his life was insured.

At the Miners' Congress at Berlin, the French and Belgian delegates proposed the appointment of an international committee to limit the coal production of the world.

The British delegates laughed at the proposal, saying that the committee would be useless until the mines were nationalized.

The motion was ultimately withdrawn.

It was resolved to influence the nations to use legitimate means to limit the over-production of coal.

May 21st.
The Hungarian Lower House has returned the Civil Marriage Bill to the Upper House, by which it was recently rejected.

Preparations are being made for Mr. James Huddart's four new steamers for the Canadian-Atlantic service. Each vessel is to be of 3,500 tons capacity for cargo, and will have accommodation for 300 saloon passengers, 200 second class, and 1,000 steerage. The steamers will have a speed of 20 knots.

Mr. Huddart has also had plans prepared for a large steamer for the Canadian-Australian line. Arranging, Mitchell and Co., Swan and Hunter, the Thompsons and the Naval Construction and Fielding Companies are tendering for the construction of the above vessels.

The disputes at the sittings of the International Miners' Conference at Berlin were the outcome of the action of the British delegates in resisting the policy of the Social Democrats.

General Joubert, Commander of the military forces of the Transvaal, has proceeded to Zoutpansburg in the northern portion of the Republic. This action has been taken owing to the chief Malabach fortifying the mountains.

The outlawry of the man Spot in connection with the notorious Ardnamoan tragedy has been removed.

May 22nd.
The appeal against the conviction of the leaders of the Croydon Industrial Army, namely, Coxey, Carl Brown, and Jones, who were sentenced on the occasion of the recent May Day demonstration on a charge of violating the statutes relating to the Capital at Washington, has been dismissed. They were sentenced to imprisonment for 20 days.

The latest advices from Belgrade in reference to the political situation in Serbia, state that the Government have decided to suppress the power of the Radicals, nine-tenths of whom are opposed to the present dynasty.

The elections in the Hawaiian Islands have ended. A Republican Constitution is being framed.

It is proposed that Mr. Doyle shall be appointed President of the Provisional Government for two years.

Much alarm has been caused in the United States by reason of the decline in the gold reserve in the Treasury to \$3,000,000.

Disastrous floods have taken place in Pennsylvania, U.S.A., causing widespread destruction of property.

Roads and bridges have been swept away. Thousands of persons are homeless. Many are fleeing to the highlands for safety.

Enormous damage has been done. The loss to William's Port alone amounts to \$1,000,000. The body of the late Mr. Edmund Yates, proprietor of the *World*, who died from an apoplectic seizure, has been cremated.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Sir William Harcourt, in reply to a question, said that, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, he greatly sympathized with the memorial which had been presented by the Defence Committee, showing the inadequacy of the share of the cost of the general naval defence of the empire which was borne by the colonies.

Alluding to the death duties, as set forth in the Budget, Sir William said that the duties would not apply to property held by British subjects in countries under other sovereigns.

The British Government have leased to Leopold, King of the Belgians, for the remainder of his reign, half of the vast territory which Emin Pasha occupied in Equatorial Africa.

Dr. Bucknill, originator of the volunteer movement, has been knighted.

The Pan-American Bimetallic Association have asked the United States Congress to fix the ratio between silver and gold at 16 to 1.

AUCKLAND, May 24th.

Samoa files to the 17th inst give details of the progress of the rebellion in Samoa. The rebellious natives have assumed a defiant attitude, and in turning out the Government adherents from their districts, they have been particularly severe. In many cases even women have been deprived of clothing. The presence of the German warship *Falk* at Pailia, instead of creating fear had the contrary effect, many of the natives saying they were prepared to try conclusions with her. In the event of a civil war the Government party at Muluva have resolved to take immediate and active measures against the rebels, and also to invite over the Savallians to assist in an attack. The rebels hold the position which Tamaes maintained four years ago, repeatedly repulsing the attacks then made on him with great loss of life. The Government troops have taken the field, and notified the rebels that unless complete submission be made by the 19th inst, the attack will commence. The warships *Curacoa*, *Bustard*, and *Falk* were then at Apia awaiting orders.

LONDON, May 25th.

During a rout at Makani with a large body Nyassaland slave-traders Major Edwards, with only 200 men, defeated his opponents who numbered 2,000, of whom 100 were killed.

The catarract was easily removed from Mr. Gladstone's eye. The Prince of Wales and other distinguished personages telegraphed concerning his health.

Spain and Germany are enforcing hostile tariffs against each other.

LONDON, May 25th.

German steamship companies have cut steerage rates from Italy to ports to New York to \$30. The Emperor of Germany travels with a suite of sixty persons, who require at least forty rooms.

In Holland an attempt is being made to pass a bill allowing women to be elected to Parliament. Italy has forgiven the New Orleans "Incident," and commends the Southern States to their emigrants.

The Russian Government has advised the Pope of his intention to establish a legation at the Vatican.

The *London Court Journal* says that there are 1,865 officers on the General's list of Great Britain's Army.

Steerage passage from London to New York has been cut by the International Navigation Company to \$2.

The Emperor of Austria is having a new throne built at Pesth for his use while acting as King of Hungary.

In a testing experiment is being tried by a minister in London—the establishment of a church for children.

There are now seventy-four survivors of the famous Balclutha charge, so far as the British Army authorities can trace.

The Bank of England will be 200 years old next July, and the event will perhaps be celebrated in some way.

It costs Great Britain \$20,000 to scrape the benches off the bottom of one of its big men-of-war and replace them.

The making of lucifer matches is a State monopoly in France, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Greece, Roumania, and Servia.

The International Medical Congress in Rome appointed Dr. J. B. Murphy of Chicago honorary President for the United States.

The Khedive intends to make a tour of Austria, France and England during the summer. He will visit Constantinople.

Though Queen Victoria is suffering from no distinct malady, it is known that she is far from well. She has aged rapidly of late.

The African State railways in Cape Colony and the Orange Free State yielded a dividend of close upon 5 per cent. during last year.

The smearing of mango trees in India with plaster and hair is believed to be connected with a native conspiracy to overthrow British rule.

Don Carlos has informed the Pope that he won't relinquish his claim to Spain's throne, and he is strongly supported by Spanish priests.

The French Congo region, covering 20,000 square miles and having a population of 7,000,000, contains only 300 European residents.

The Imperial Gazette of Madrid asserts that the Spanish budget will show an increase in revenue of 20,000,000 pesetas, as compared with the budget of 1893.

The reclamation of 500,000 acres of the Zuyder Zee by means of a dyke and at a cost of 155,000,000 guilders is recommended by a Dutch Royal Commission.

The first cigars made from tobacco grown in the German-African colonies are said to be coarse in flavor and very strong. The seed was imported from Cuba.

The Russian Government has operated railways that a surplus of \$1,000,000 has accumulated, and it is now proposed to reduce fares still lower.

The Congo Railroad, twenty-five miles long and the entering wedge into mid-African territory, has begun operations. The passenger rate for a first-class ticket is \$30.

There is a great glut of potatoes in several districts of south-east England. They are quantities are being fed to stock.

By forbidding the performance of an opera in French, the authorities of Cologne, Upper Alsace, roused intense feeling among the French residents of the conquered territory.

The Anglican Bishop (Blyth) of Jerusalem, says that about 100,000 Jews have entered Palestine during the last few years, and that the number is a vast host in imminent.

Official reports from Warsaw state that cholera has again taken an epidemic form in the frontier Government district of Plock.

The will of the late Sir James Stephen is a marvel of shortness and clearness. It runs: "This is my last will. I give all my property to my wife, whom I appoint sole executrix."

The Hamburg-American Line has new under construction five new steamers, specially built

with regard for the freight traffic, but will also accommodate cabin and steerage passengers.

There is every prospect of an abundant fruit crop in the south of England this year. Cherries are particularly promising, and there is indication of an especially heavy crop of apples and pears.

Though it is now the height of the London season there are loud complaints about the weather, so few people in town. The hard times are supposed to be the cause of interfering with the accustomed gaieties.

The Amer of Bokhara, in Central Asia, has modified entirely his habits and customs, as a result of his recent voyage in Russia. He has opened the gates of his palace to Russian ladies and organized dancing parties.

The Duke of Westminster is asking the sympathy of his friends because, under the terms of the death duties in the pending budget, his estate at his death must pay to the Government a tax of no less than \$5,000,000.

A body of "Sahara troops" is to be raised by France for service in her arid African possessions, where the heat is fatal to French soldiers. They are to consist mainly of natives of those regions, but the officers will be French men.

A scheme for a ship canal connecting the Baltic and the Black Seas, from Kheron to Riga, is being considered by the Russian Ministry of Ways and Communications. The canal is estimated to cost 30,000,000 rubles.

An attempt was recently made to force the circulation of a depreciated silver currency in Madagascar at its face value, when upon the Government on March 29th issued a decree that silver without a gold guarantee should be no longer current.

It is suggested in France that "a beautiful and patriotic feature" of Joan of Arc, the new patron saint of the nation, whose memory is being honored in various ways all over the country just now, be put on the next edition of French postage stamps.

The chief Spanish ex-captain died recently at Madrid. On the day of his funeral thirteen candidates applied for the vacant place. Among them were one lawyer, one retired sergeant-major, and a gentleman who based his claim upon the fact that he was an intimate friend of the deceased.

"A herb doctor," who practiced in Paris, had a patient who suffered from a tumor. The doctor induced her to give him \$200 to make a journey to the Pyrenees in order to procure a rare medicinal plant. The resultant dose was followed by death of the patient, and the enterprising doctor is in gaol.

The Emperor of Germany desires nothing but Mexican coffee, and a year's supply is sent to him regularly after every harvest from a plantation in the State of Michoacan, which lies on the Pacific coast of Mexico, about midway between the United States and Central America. There is a large German colony there which has been cultivating coffee for many years.

"YOUR LIFE IS NOT WORTH A STRAW."

Not worth a straw, eh? Then it was worth just nothing—nothing at all. Who has not used that companion a thousand times to argue about a worthless straw? A straw? The wind blows it away, it burns it up, it is trampled in the mud, it rots by the roadside. What of it? Who cares for a straw?

Yet this is exactly what a doctor recently said to one of his patients. "Your life is not worth a straw." How much is a doctor worth who will speak so to one that trusts him, and has no hope but in his skill? For my part, if it were up for sale at auction, I would bid one straw for him—no more. Even if what he said was true, he had no right to say it. Such a doctor is more likely to kill with his tongue than to cure with his drugs.

A woman tells the story, and she tells it well. If it doesn't sound like the truth, then I don't know what ever does. The dates and the facts are all there, plain and orderly.

"In the summer of 1878," she says, "I found myself feeling tired, languid, low-spirited, and weak. I felt as if some evil were about to happen

For Sale.

FOR SALE.
5668 yards 2 1/2 inches best quality
CANVAS HOSE.
Apply to
CHOY CHEW,
243, Praya West.
Hongkong, 12th June, 1894. [691]

Intimations.

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,
CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-
MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-
SMITHS, AND OPTICIANS.
CHARTS AND BOOKS.
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.
Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches
awarded the highest Prizes at every Exhibition;
and for Voteler and Sohn's
CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES,
MARINE GLASSES, AND SPYGLASSES.
No. 2, Queen's Road Central. [698]

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.,
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS,
COAL AND PROVISION MERCHANTS,
NAVAL CONTRACTORS
AND GENERAL COMMISSION
AGENTS,
PRAYA CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

HARTMANN'S PATENT'S GENUINE
COMPOSITION.
HARTMANN'S GREY PAINT.
DAIMLER'S PATENT MOTOR LAUNCHES
&c. &c.

EVERY KIND OF
SHIPS' STORES AND REQUISITES
ALWAYS IN STOCK

REASONABLE PRICES.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1894. [798]

THE CHINA AND JAPAN TELEPHONE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

LIST of subscribers to the HONGKONG
TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

- 10.—Aberdeen Paper Mills Office.
- 10a.—Aberdeen Paper Mills.
- 24.—Anderson, Capt. G. C., Praya Central.
- 25.—Aberdeen Dock.
- 26.—Alice Memorial Hospital.
- 40.—Anderson, Capt. G. C., East Point.
- 41.—Arnold, Karberg & Co.
- 42.—Bell, Dr. Residence.
- 65.—Blackhead, F., Residence.
- 66.—Blackhead & Co., Praya Central.
- 18.—Butterfield & Swire, Shipping Dept.
- 36.—Butterfield & Swire, Sugar Office.
- 36a.—Butterfield & Swire, Refinery, Quarry Bay.
- 39.—Butterfield & Swire, Peak Residence.
- 42.—Canadian Pacific Railway Co.
- 3.—Cantile, Dr., Peak Hospital.
- 15.—Central Police Station.
- 22.—Cheng Jui Office.
- 71.—China Sugar Refinery, Town Office.
- 72.—Chin. Sugar Refinery, East Point.
- 75.—Comptroller, Laus, Wegener & Co.
- 87.—Comptroller, D. Laprak & Co. Office.
- 88.—do. do. Residence.
- 55.—Cotton, Dr., Residence.
- 12.—Daily Press Office.
- 67.—Daily Press, Pok Foo Lum.
- 86.—Daily Press Co., Wyndham Street.
- 41.—Dobson, Cuthill & Co.
- 60.—David, S. J., & Co.
- 73.—David, S. J., Residence.
- 17.—Douglas, Laprak & Co.
- 2.—Drs. Cantile, Cowie and Stedman.
- 74.—Fletcher & Co., Queen's Road.
- 47.—Gas Co., West Point.
- 48.—Gas Co., East Point.
- 31.—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
- 44.—Government House.
- 86.—Government Civil Hospital.
- 6.—Harrison, W. Stuart, Residence.
- 66.—Holliday, Wise & Co.
- 28.—Holliday, C. J., Residence.
- 11.—Hongkong Club.
- 1.—Hongkong Electric Co.
- 9.—Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.
- 84.—Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Mess.
- 40.—Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co.
- 32.—Hongkong Hotel, Public Telephone.
- 33.—H. & K. Wharf & Godown Co., West Point.
- 81.—H. & K. Wharf & Godown Co., Praya Central.
- 50.—Ho Tung, Residence.
- 77.—Ho Tung, Praya Central.
- 82.—Ho Tung, Bonham Strand.
- 68.—Humphreys, J. D. & Son, Queen's Road.
- 30.—Imports and Exports Office.
- 23.—Jordan, Dr., Praya Central.
- 43.—Jordan, Dr., Residence.
- 30.—Joseph, H. H., Residence.
- 64.—Kennedy, J., Horse Repository.
- 64a.—Kennedy, J., Causeway Bay.
- 7.—Keweenaw Oil Godown.
- 7.—Krammer, J., Residence.
- 91.—Lamke & Rouse, Praya Central.
- 93.—Lamke, J., Residence.
- 4.—Laparak, J. D., Residence.
- 89.—Layton, B., Queen's Road.
- 90.—do. do. Residence.
- 35.—Mount Austin Hotel.
- 53.—Muir, W. L., Residence.
- 5.—Nam Woo & Co.
- 40.—Opium Farmer.
- 29.—Peak Hotel.
- 19.—P. & O. S. N. Co.
- 69.—P. & O. S. N. Co., Peak.
- 31.—Ray, E. C., Residence.
- 51.—Ray, E. C., Pender's Street.
- 45.—Rope Factory.
- 16.—Rosa, A., Residence.
- 54.—Sailor's Home.
- 49.—Shewan & Co.
- 61.—Stevens, G. R.
- 62.—Stevens, G. R., Residence.
- 14.—Telegraph Companies.
- 76.—Telegraph Companies' Mess.
- 45a.—Temporary Hospital, West Point.
- 92.—Tung Kee & Co., Wing Lok Street.
- 46a.—Tung Wah Hospital.
- 14a.—Watson & Co., Queen's Road.
- 56.—Victoria Hotel, Public Telephone.
- 57.—Wickham, W. H., Residence.
- 61.—Wo Kee & Co.
- 38.—Yuen Fat Hong, Bonham Strand.
- 78.—Yuen Kee & Co.
- 79.—Yuen Lam Kee.

PRIVATE TELEPHONE LINES.

- 2.—Bevelidge, Dr., Morrison Hill.
- 3.—Hongkong, Canton & Macao S-boat Co.
- 4.—Jardine, Matheson & Co., East Point.
- 5.—Meyer & Co.
- 6.—North China Insurance Co.
- 1.—Royal Engineers' Mess.
- 7.—Scheele & Co.

In case of FIRE ring up No. 15.
The Exchange is open day and night.

W. STUART HARRISON,
Manager.

Hongkong, 10th April, 1894. [850]

Intimations.

DAIRY PRODUCE!

THE HONGKONG DAIRY
(ESTABLISHED 1871.)
GARDEN ROAD, AND CAUSEWAY BAY.

**FRESH MILK,
FRESH BUTTER,
CREAM,
CREAM CHEESE AND
NEW LAID EGGS.**

ALWAYS ON HAND FOR CASH, OR TO ORDER.
MILK FROM ONE COW FOR BABIES, BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.
NONE BUT THE FRESHEST AND BEST SUPPLIED.

ADDRESS:—
J. KENNEDY,
PROPRIETOR,
GARDEN ROAD.
[622]

Hongkong, 26th April, 1894.

SPECIAL MAKERS OF ARTICLES FOR LADIES' COMPLEXION

JAVA POWDER



TO BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITING

ORIZA-CREAM

WHITENS the SKIN, IMPARTS to it the TRANSPARENCY
and SMOOTHNESS OF YOUTHFULNESS.
Destroys Wrinkles

L. LEGRAND'S
ORIZA PERFUMERY

Inventor of the GENUINE and accredited preparation **ORIZA-OIL**

11, Place de la Madeleine, Paris

TO BE HAD OF ALL TRUSTWORTHY FIRMS

Hotels.

PEAK HOTEL.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

THIS commodious and well appointed
HOTEL, situated at a height of 1,250 feet
above sea-level, has just been thoroughly
redecorated, renovated and furnished, and a
NEW WING has been built, which commands
magnificent Views of the Harbour and mainland
of China.

SUMMER RATES.
(FROM MAY 1ST TO OCTOBER 31ST).

One person, per day.....\$ 4.00
One person, per week.....25.00
One person, per month.....85.00
Married couple (occupying one room) per
day.....7.00
Married couple (occupying one room) per
week.....45.00
Married couple (occupying one room) per
month.....140.00
For further particulars, apply to
MANAGER,
Victoria Hotel.
Hongkong, 19th April 1894. [125]

FUJIA HOTEL,

MIYANOSHITA,
HAKONE.

Four and a half hours from Yokohama.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION.

NATURAL HOT SPRINGS.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT IN ALL THE

BUILDINGS.

TWO ENGLISH BILLIARD TABLES.

EXCELLENT CUISINE.

SPECIAL RATES MADE FOR A

PROLONGED STAY.

S. N. YAMAGUCHI,
Proprietor.

BAY VIEW HOTEL.

THE POPULAR SUMMER RESORT, and
TERMINUS of the only pleasant DRIVE
to be had on the Island. "BAY VIEW"
occupies the best situation on the Shau-
wan Road, commands an excellent view of
the Harbour, and is always open to the cool breezes
from the Southward. Steam-launches can at
any time come alongside the jetty adjoining the
apacious lawn.

The Cuisine is unrivalled in Hongkong, and
only the best Brands of Wines, Spirits, Cigars,
&c., are kept in stock. Private Dinners, or
Tiffin prepared in First-class style on the
shortest notice, and Meals can be served at all
hours

Hongkong, 1st June, 1894. [643]

THOMAS' GRILL ROOMS:
(Corner of Queen's Road and Duddell Street.)

THE Undersigned has always thought that
such a place as this was the one thing
needed to fit in between HOTEL LIFE and the
PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE—providing it be
First-class in every detail. A place where one
may have his GRILLED CHOP or STEAK
at any hour of the Day, up to 11 P.M., or later
if notice be given. He is also prepared to
SUPPLY MEALS to PRIVATE PARTIES
per MENU or ORDER—the Parties sending
Dishes, &c., for same—and Cash. Terms—
Breakfastper meal \$0.75...or Month \$12
Dinner " \$0.75... " \$12
Dinner " \$1.25... " \$18
Breakfast, Tiffin and Dinner \$45
Breakfast and Tiffin \$30
Tiffin and Dinner \$40

SPECIAL TIFINS and DINNERS served
in Excellent Style at short notice.

W. THOMAS,
Proprietor.

Hongkong, 14th June, 1894. [590]

Intimations.

**NORTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP AND
RAILROAD COMPANIES.**

**PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM
HONGKONG.**

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

Victoria Tuesday June 19th.

Tacoma Tuesday July 17th.

Siam Tuesday August 7th.

Victoria Tuesday August 28th.

Tacoma Tuesday Sept. 25th.

THE Steamship

"VICTORIA,"

Captain J. Patton, R.N.R., sailing at Noon, on

TUESDAY, the 19th June, will proceed to

VICTORIA, B.C., and TACOMA, via SHANG-
HAI, INLAND SEA, KOBE and YOKO-
HAMA.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Japan,
Pacific Coast Ports, and to Canadian and
United States Ports.

Commodor Invoices of Goods for United States
Ports should be to quadruplicate; and one
copy must be sent forward by the steamer to
the care of the Freight Agent, Northern Pacific
Railroad, Tacoma, Wash.

Parcels must be sent to our Office with address
marked in full by 5 P.M. on the day previous to
sailing.

For further information as to Passage or
Freight, apply to
DODWELL, CARROLL & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 29th May, 1894. [6]

Mails.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.**



1894. SAFETY. SPEED. PUNCTUALITY.

THE FAST ROUTE BETWEEN CHINA, JAPAN AND EUROPE, VIA CANADA
AND THE UNITED STATES.
(CALLING AT SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND VICTORIA, B.C.)
Twin Screw Steamships—6,000 Tons—10,000 Horse Power—Speed 19 knots.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

EMPRESS OF INDIA...Comdr. O. P. Marshall, R.N.R...WEDNESDAY, 4th July.

EMPRESS OF JAPAN...Comdr. G. A. Lee, R.N.R...WEDNESDAY, 25th July.

IMPRESS OF CHINA...Comdr. R. Archibald, R.N.R...WEDNESDAY, 15th August.

THE magnificent Steamships of this Line pass through the famous INLAND SEA OF
JAPAN, and usually make the voyage YOKOHAMA TO VANCOUVER (B.C.) in 12
DAYS, making close connection at Vancouver with the PACIFIC TRANS-CONTINENTAL
TRAINS of the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY leaving there daily, and cross the Continent
FROM THE PACIFIC TO THE ATLANTIC WITHOUT CHANGE. Close connection is
made at Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, New York and Boston with all Trans-Atlantic Lines, which
passengers to Great Britain and the Continent are given choice of.

Passengers Booked through to all principal ports and AROUND THE WORLD. Return
tickets to various ports at reduced rates, Good for 4, 6, 9 and 12 months.

SPECIAL RATES (First-class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military,
Diplomatic and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Service of China and Japan.

EXCURSION TICKETS to San Francisco, Midwinter Fair, CIRCULAR PACIFIC
TICKETS Hongkong to Vancouver, Vancouver to Sydney, Australia, via Honolulu, and Sydney
to Hongkong via Brisbane and Torres Straits, Good for 3 months, £100.

The attractive features of this Company's route, embraces its PALAT AL STEAMSHIPS,
(second to none in the World), the LUXURIANCE OF ITS TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAINS
(the Company having received the highest award for same at recent Chicago World's Exhibition)
and the diversity of MAGNIFICENT MOUNTAIN AND LAKE SCENERY through which the
Line passes.

THE DINING CARS AND MOUNTAIN HOTELS of this route are owned and operated by
the Company, and their appointments and Cuisine are unexcelled.

For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage, &c., apply to

Hongkong, 13th June, 1894.

D. E. BROWN, General Agent,
Pender's Street. [13]

**OCCIDENTAL & ORIENTAL
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.**

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO
JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES,
MEXICO,
CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND
EUROPE.

VIA
THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS,
AND
ATLANTIC AND OTHER CONNECTING
STEAMERS.

VIA INLAND SEA OF JAPAN AND
HONOLULU.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

Gauche (via Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea and Yokohama)..... Tuesday, 3rd July, at 1 P.M.

Bigle (via Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea, Yokohama and Honolulu)..... Wednesday, 1st Aug., at 1 P.M.

Ovande (via Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea and Yokohama)..... Tuesday, 2nd Aug., at 1 P.M.

THE Steamship

"GARLIC"

will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO,
via NAGASAKI, KOBE, INLAND SEA and
YOKOHAMA, on TUESDAY, the 3rd July, at
1 P.M. Connection being made at Yokohama
with Steamers from Shanghai.

Steamers of this line pass through the IN-
LAND SEA OF JAPAN, and call at Honolulu,
and passengers are allowed to break their
journey at any point en route.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England,
France and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines
of Steamers, and to the principal cities of the
United States or Canada. Rates, and particu-
lars of the various Routes may be obtained
upon application.

Special rates (First-class only) are granted to
Missionaries, members of the Naval, Military,
Diplomatic and Civil Services, to European
Officials in service of China and Japan, and to
Government officials and their families.

Passengers who have paid full fare, re-embark-
ing at San Francisco for China or Japan (or vice
versa) within one year, will be allowed a dis-
count of 10 per cent. This allowance does not
apply to through fares for China and Japan
to Europe.

All PARCEL PACKAGES should be marked to
address in full; and same will be received at
the Company's Office until FIVE P.M. the day
previous to sailing.

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo des-
tined to Ports beyond San Francisco, in the
United States, should be sent to the Company's
Office, addressed to the Collector of Customs,
San Francisco.

For further information as to Freight or
Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company,
No. 7, Praya Central.

J. S. VAN BUREN, Agent.
Hongkong, 13th June 1894. [12]

FOR SALE.

JAPAN HAND-MADE PAPERS.

JAPAN PRINTING PAPERS.

JAPAN COPYING PAPERS.

JAPAN WALL PAPERS.

Prices very moderate.

ORDERS respectfully solicited by the Under-
signed.

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA,
8, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 2nd January, 1894. [600]

For Sale.

IMPORTANT INTIMATION.

NOW READY.

(PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.)

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND
HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST,"

A DIRECTORY AND WORK OF REFERENCE
ON ALL IMPORTANT LOCAL SUBJECTS FOR
HONGKONG, MACAO, CHINA, JAPAN, THE
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SIAM, INDO-CHINA,
NORTH BORNEO, THE PHILIPPINES, AND
COREA, FOR THE YEAR 1894.

PRICE THREE DOLLARS.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY
has again been enlarged and will be
found

THE CHEAPEST, MOST COMPLETE, AND
MOST RELIABLE WORK OF THE KIND
EVER PUBLISHED IN THE
FAR EAST.

THE above named work, published at the
Office of "THE HONGKONG
TELEGRAPH," contains a Directory for the
Ports in the large portion of Asia between
Peking, in the Straits Settlements, and the
Northern Chinese Ports, including Wladivostok,
Formosa, the Treaty Ports of China and Japan,
Cochin-China, the Philippine Islands, Corea,
British North Borneo, the British Colony of
Hongkong and the Portuguese Colony of Macao.
It also contains the Principal Treaties between
European countries and the United States and
countries East of the Straits, including the
Treaties and Conventions between China and
Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia, the
United States of America, Brazil, Japan, Peru,
Spain, and Portugal; together with conditions
of Trade, and the Port, Customs, Consular, and
Harbour Regulations for the Ports of China and
Japan; also descriptions of the various Ports,
with the latest Trade Statistics, taken from the
Reports of the Imperial Maritime Customs and
other reliable sources.

The various Governments and Municipal Cor-
porations, and all Public Bodies and Companies,
Bankers, Merchants, Consuls, Professional men,
and other Residents, have supplied the necessary
matter, upon forms specially sent for that pur-
pose so as to ensure accuracy. The Naval and
Military portions have been taken from the
latest published official lists and revised at
Head-quarters; in fact, no pains have been
spared to make "THE HONGKONG DIREC-
TORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST"
a handy and perfectly reliable book of reference
for all classes.

In addition to the information enumerated above
"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND
HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" for 1894
contains a carefully revised

**INDEX TO THE ORDINANCES OF
HONGKONG;**

**A SPECIAL LIST OF FOREIGNERS
employed in Steamers making short voyages
from Hongkong;**

**THE PRIVATE RESIDENCES
of the Principal Government Officials, the Lead-
ing Merchants, the Foreign Consuls,
Professional Men, Justices of
the Peace, &c.**

A LADIES' DIRECTORY FOR HONGKONG,
The latest and only reliable

PLAN OF THE 'CITY OF VICTORIA,'
showing the proposed Reclamations and all
recent additions and improvements, and

**A Mass of interesting information on various
subjects, culled from the most trustworthy
sources.**

A CHAPTER ON SPORT
gives all statistics up to date regarding the Derby,
St. Leger and other great events, Athletic records,
the WINNERS of all IMPORTANT RACES
at HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, FOOSHOW,
and AMOY, with times, and other interesting
particulars, carefully compiled from the most
reliable sources, making "THE HONGKONG
DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR
EAST," a valuable museum for all classes of
sportsmen.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND
HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" for 1894
is printed on a superior quality of Paper,
and is the best printed and most handsomely
bound volume ever published East of the Suez
Canal.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND
HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST," in
order that it may circulate extensively outside
this Colony, is published at a POPULAR
PRICE, and can be ordered at This Office, or
through any of our Agents at the various Ports
for

THREE DOLLARS.

There is not space in the compass of an
Ordinary Advertisement to detail all the infor-
mation introduced into the work, but it may be fairly
asserted that no such Directory has ever been
published, either in Hongkong or any other part
of the East, at such a low price.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND
HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" offers
Special Advantages as an Advertising Medium.
It has an extensive circulation in all Ports
between Singapore and Newchwang, in the
Australian Colonies, and the United States, and
the United Kingdom, and the scale of charges
has been fixed at an exceptionally low rate.
Terms can be learned on application.

Suggestions for the improvement of this work
are respectfully solicited.

Orders for COPIES, and for ADVERTISE-
MENTS may be sent to the Agents at the various
Ports, or to the Office of
"THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH,"
Pender's Hill, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 16th January, 1894.

Printed and Published by ROBERT FRASER,
SMITH, No. 6, Pender's Hill, in the city of
Victoria, Hongkong.